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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09/739,034	12/14/2000	Werner Obrecht	Mo-5842/LeA 34,092	4130
34947	7590 11/29/2004		EXAMINER	
LANXESS CORPORATION PATENT DEPARTMENT/ BLDG 14 100 BAYER ROAD			SERGENT, RABON A	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
PITTSBUKG	H, PA 15205-9741		1711	
			DATE MAILED: 11/29/2004	1

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	09/739,034	OBRECHT ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Rabon Sergent	1711				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period with the set or extended period for reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from	mely filed  s will be considered timely.  the mailing date of this communication.				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>08 Oc</u>	stober 2004.	•				
2a) This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) This a						
3)☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,2,4-10,15,20 and 21</u> is/are pending ir	o the application					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.	THOM CONCINCIA					
6) Claim(s) <u>1,2,4-10,15,20 and 21</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8)☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or e	election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accep	nted or h) objected to by the F	vominar				
Applicant may not request that any objection to the dra	awing(s) be held in abevance. See	27 CED 4 05/0\				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction	n is required if the drawing(s) is obie	ected to, See 37 CFR 1 121(d)				
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Exar	miner. Note the attached Office A	Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign pr a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of: 1.⊠ Certified copies of the priority documents h	nave been received.					
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No.						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority	documents have been received	l in this National Stage				
application from the International Bureau (I	PCT Rule 17.2(a)).					
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	the certified copies not received.					
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)/Mail Date						
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date  S. Patent and Trademark Office	5) Notice of Informal Pate 6) Other:	ent Application (PTO-152)				

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1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on October 8, 2004 has been entered.

2. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

3. Claims 1, 2, 4-10, 15, 20, and 21 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-8 of U.S. Patent No. 6,649,696. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct

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from each other because each set of claims is drawn to rubber mixtures, rubber vulcanates, and rubber molded articles comprising double bond containing rubbers, crosslinked rubber particles having the same properties, and multifunctional isocyanates.

4. Claims 1, 2, 4-10, 15, 20, and 21 are provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-3, 6, and 7 of copending Application No. 10/013,025. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because each set of claims is drawn to rubber compositions and rubber molded articles comprising double bond containing rubbers, crosslinked rubber particles having the same properties, and multifunctional isocyanates.

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

- 5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

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6. Claims 1, 2, 4-10, 15, 20, and 21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Obrecht et al. ('488) or DE 19701487, each in view of Dammann et al. ('531) or JP 57-212239 or JP 5-17630.

The primary references discloses rubber mixtures comprising double bond containing rubber and crosslinked rubber particles having applicants' claimed properties, wherein the mixtures are useful for producing vulcanisates and molded articles. See abstract. Though the primary reference is silent regarding the addition of a polyisocyanate component to the composition, the use of polyisocyanates within rubber mixtures to improve physical properties was known at the time of invention. This position is supported by the teachings of the secondary references. The secondary references disclose that polyisocyanate containing rubber formulations display excellent moldability and bonding resistant to heat and humidity. See abstracts.

- 7. Therefore, it would have been obvious to incorporate polyisocyanates within the rubber mixtures of the primary references, so as to produce rubber compositions having the improved moldability and bonding characteristics taught by the secondary references.
- 8. The examiner has carefully reviewed the arguments set forth within applicants' previous responses, especially the response of September 18, 2003 to the previous prior art rejections; however, applicants' arguments are deemed to be insufficient for the following reasons. Firstly, despite applicants' statement to the contrary, there is no claim language that distinguishes the claimed rubber component (A) from liquid rubbers of the prior art. Despite applicants' responses, the fact remains that the liquid rubbers meet applicants' claimed uncrosslinked, double bond containing rubbers. Secondly, applicants have set forth no clear rationale why

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differences in particle size of the crosslinked particles or silence within the secondary references with respect to the properties of the crosslinked particles negate the teachings concerning the use of the polyisocyanate component. In the absence of evidence or argument to the contrary, the skilled artisan would expect the polyisocyanate component to function within the compositions of the primary references in the same manner disclosed by the secondary references. It is noted that the primary references clearly teach the specifically claimed properties of the crosslinked particles.

Any inquiry concerning this communication should be directed to R. Sergent at telephone number (571) 272-1079.

R. Sergent

November 23, 2004

RABON SERGENT PRIMARY EXAMINER